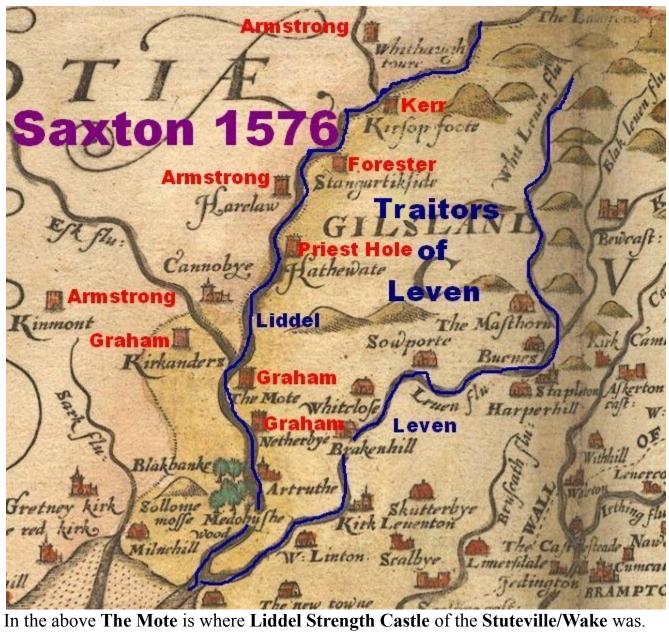
# Chasing my Y-DNA part 23

One can not chose ones relatives, but a lot of times one can recognize them. Chasing my Y-DNA, there are the Y chromosomes which travel with them. Though for the most part there will not be pictures, there will be characteristics. The characteristics bestowed on these relatives may be a false hood of history, a history which may want to vanguish a certain people from it's landscape until they are only found in the void of what is not given, or a falsehood like an incorrect mapping of localities is made so a discovery of proper location is not accepted. Each individual carries their own DNA and males carry the Y-DNA passed down from the fathers. Put before me has been the work of my father's, that which dad has traced the family to Daniel who testified in the witch trails, and Daniel seem to bring out the most reasonable concept for the time and presented to the high judges school at Harvard that the young ladies "did it out of sport", they still hung witches. It is known by me there is not much one can do if a court does not correct its actions, had to deal with it myself going up against a photo radar machine. One advantage if people do not make corrections it allows one to reive, and take advantage. Like a reiver knowing ones self makes errors and always try to correct and adjust, one can reive those who do not make corrections, or those who accept others who do not make these corrections.

In the past the eastern United States because of migration westward dominated and could question information in text form coming over the internet. Now with information and data in scanned graphics from, the validity of information off the web is much stronger. Now those who quote historians are in question, when one can decipher technical information direct from sources like wills, deeds, vital, and criminal records, it does not leave much room for the historians to fit in between. If the historians, can not understand the linguistic, and technical information, read charts, maps and distribution tables, plus deal with mathematical probability, and multi dimensional distribution problems, along with time sequencing then it is questionable whether the historian is needed accept to propagate that which the master of their social structures support like a Puritanical Dogma, of a unified belief which is felt to be accomplished because the majority feels it is true, it is these concepts tested by the reiver that the reiver will walk right through, because it is innate to the way the reiver does things, for the reivers concepts are the tools used, and tools cannot be preached.

The border reivers are Scottish became true; but first they were English; the Armstrong, and Elwald. The land they were on was English land then with the help of the Douglas and the border traveling over them they found themselves as English on Scottish land. The **Traitors of Leven were English**.



The Traitors of Leven, are of an area between the Leven Flu and the Liddel Water, on the English side of the border.

The parish is yet of great extent, though Kirkandrews was severed from it by the letters patent of King Charles I. It includes part of the ancient parish of Easton, which is now so completely involved in the names of Arthuret and Kirkandrews, that nothing remains thereof but the memory of the ancient title.— Easton, by a boundary taken in 1624, was thus stated: On the north-west, north, and north-east, adjoining on Scotland; on the east Bewcastle, Stapleton, and Kirklinton; on the south and south-west the river Levin and parts of the parishes of Rockliff and Kirklinton.

The

† What we meet with in the bishop's archives concerning Eston is as follows:—In the year 1308, King Edward II. as guardian of the infant heir of Sir John Wake, presents Simon de Beverly to the vacant rectory of Eston, and institution was given thereupon, with a reservation of the pension to the parish church of Arthuret, if any such there be.

In 1933, R. de Berewick, rector of Eston had a licence of absence for three years granted to him,

with permission to let his living to farm for that time.

Zzzz

In

The history of the county of Cumberland: and some places adjacent, from the ... By William Hutchinson

In the above Sir John Wake of Cottingham where Elwalds live, presents Simon de Beverly (Beverly is north of Cottingham).....Arthuret (on map above)......

When the land the Elwald live on become Scottish in 1320 this is when it is said the Elwald (Ellot) Clan started. The Armstrong and the Elwald are of this region along with the Douglas, but not the Scott.

were still the principal occupiers of the Debatable Country, residing in their houses of Sark, Hollas, Hallgreen, and Harelaw, all in the parish of Canonby: the Grahams, though less numerous, mustered strongly in Kirkandrews parish, the other portion of the disputed district. These septs usually kept on friendly terms, intermarrying frequently, and foraying together. The Grahams had also settled down on the land lying between the Lyne—then called the Levyn—and the Liddel, a notorious spot of ground, where formerly hordes of self-expatriated Armstrongs, Elliots, Scotts, and other "broken" outlaws, rendezvoused, and were known in their day as "the traitors of the Levyn." Surrounding the Debatable Land were the Armstrongs, in other parts of Liddisdale and Middlebie, the Irvings

\* Mr. T. Carlyle's MS.

It should be noted if the Scott if they rendezvoused in the region of the Leven they were not from there, but were from a region north of Liddesdale, call Teviotdale. The Douglas who supported the Traitors of Leven were also from Teviotdale associated with Cavers Castle. It should be noted that the Elwald/Ellot supported the landholders such as the Douglas and Scott. Douglas ownership of the Hermitage went to the Hepburn during the sixteenth century then onto the Scott during the seventeenth century.

It is basically the Armstrong and the Elwald/Ellot which supported the land exploits of the Scott in hopes for the Elwald/Ellot to obtain some for themselves. It seems like the Armstrong wanted to secure there position along the English/Scottish border. It is improper to use the name Elliot for The Traitors of Leven, because when they were Traitors of Leven was before they became Elliot.

#### Treasonably bringing in the Thiebes of Leben, &c.

Feb. 28, (dies Sabbati.)—HECTOR LAUDIR, brother of the Laird of Todrig, produced a Remiffion for treasonably bringing in of Willoc Elwalde, Rolland Elwalde, and five brethern of the Armstrangis, Traitors of Levyn, to the 'Herschip' of Quhitmur: Item, for art and part of the Stouthreif of Vxx cows and oxen, and the whole household goods from the Tenants of Quhitmur, at the same time: Item, for Treasonably bringing in the Forstaris and other Thieves of Levyn to the Pot-Loche of Selkirk, &c. &c.—Robert Scot, son of Walter of Edschaw, became suretie to satisfy the parties.

1. Unius tergoris corticati.' 2 Ovium le 30wis. 3 At the end of the proceedings of this Aire, there is the following entry: Summa totalis extractus Itineris, Vc.iijxx xv lib. xviiij f. iiij d. (L.575, 18s. 4d.) 4 In Adultery, tempore quo concubuit cum uxore ejus.' There are numerous entries to the same effect, both in the Criminal Records and in the Register of the *Privy Seal*, where Remissions frequently occur for this offence.

5 Five score.

Criminal Trials in Scotland: 1488-1596 By Scotland. High Court of Justiciary

Digitize

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CRIMINAL TRIALS.

A.D. 1494-5.

One can see given the above information that the Elwald and Armstrong with support of the son of Walter Scot of Edschaw are treasonable Traitors of Leven, in 1494-1495.

#### Bringing in the English and Plundering Minto, &c.

WILLIAM GRYMYSLAW, at the Kirk of Haffindene, permitted to compound for art and part of the treasonable bringing in of the English of Tynedale to the 'Hereschip' of 100 cows and oxen, 100 sheep, 20 horses and mares, and sundry utensils, furth of Mynto: *Item*, for his treasonably Intercommuning with the Thieves of Levyn.—Walter Scot of Howpaslot became surety for satisfying the parties.

Bringing in the English (Thieves/Traitors of Leven), Walter Scott of Howpaslot (hollow pass trough trees), supported them in Tyndale ca 1502.

### ' Wereschip' of Warchede-Resetting Craitors of Leben.

Walter Scot of Howpaflot allowed to compound for treasonably bringing in William Scot, called Gyde, John his brother, and other Traitors of Levyn, to the 'Hereschip' of Harehede: Item, for thestuously and treasonably Resetting of Henry Scot, and other Traitors of Levyn: Item, for the treason-

Jedburgh. Andrew. These were likely to be ten score 'paces' or 'Nobiliz of paijs,' English gold coins or Nobles, which are frequently mentioned in our old Acts of Parliament. The term pace seems to have reference to their weight, q. d. Heavy Nobles, Nobles of weight. Although found in the Kirk of Minto, there is no reason to suppose they were Pace or Easter-offerings. There is no doubt that this poje was 'treasure-trove,' accidentally turned up and concealed by Sinclare; and as such it belonged to the King; who, on the other hand, could have had no claim to pious Easter-offerings, made in grateful remembrance of the Resurrection. See also Nov. 9, 1502.

Resetting (resettling) Traitors of Leven.

A small river, now known as the Line, rises Armstrongs; (1902) in the northeast of Cumberland, and after Author:

Armstrong,

James Lewis draining the districts of Bewcastle, Stapleton, and Kirk-pg113 linton falls into the Solway Firth between the Esk and the Eden. This river was, during the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries, known as the Levyn, and the district through which it takes its course was, like the Debateable Land, infested by the outlaws of both nations. A number of these fugitives of the surnames of Elliot and Armstrong had been recently engaged in "hereschip" of Quitmur, from which place they had carried off a hundred cows and oxen and much other booty. Hector Lauder, brother of the laird of Todrig,

More on the Elliot (should be Elwald) and Armstrong of Levyn 1495.

Intercommuning with the Thiebes of Levyn. Nov. 20.—Walter Scot of Edichaw permitted to compound with the Treafurer for his treafonably Intercommuning with the Thieves and Traitors

of Levyn. Criminal trials in Scotland (1833) pg 17 1493

Walter Scot of Edschaw intercommuning with the Thieves of Levyn 1493.

24. Letters patent of remission by King James the Fourth, under the great seal, to William Douglas of Cavers, William Douglas and Archibald Douglas, for their treasonable intercommuning with the rebels and traitors of Levin and all other treasons, crimes, and offences before the date of the remission, except treason against the King's person, &c. Edinburgh, 10 December 1498.

25. Instrument of Resignation by William Coluile of

Oxname, knight, of his lands of the half part of the lands of Fewroule, with tenants, tenandries, and services of free tenants in the barony of Caneris and shire of Roxburgh, in the hands of William Douglas, lord of the barony of Caneris, knight, as overlord of the same; quitclaiming all right thereto for an infeftment in favour of Andrew Ker of Vuir Craling heritably therein. Done in the Parish Church of Jedworth, 24 December 1499.

26. Notarial Instrument certifying that an honourable man, Andrew Ker of Farnyhyrst, presented William Elwald his follower to the common suit of court of the barony of Caneris for his lands of the fee of Roul which he holds of the lord baron of Caneris, who was accepted by an honourable man Sir William Douglas of Caneris, knight, first taking his oath as use was. Done at Caneris in plain court held by the said Sir William. 11th February 1501-2. Present, William Roger, Adam Turnbull, Thomas Ker, and Sir James Newbe, vicar of Caneris, Notary Public.

27. Summons by King James the Fourth under the quarter seal charging his sheriffs in that part to summon lawfully and before witnesses, George Douglas, son and apparent heir of Archibald Earl of Angus, Lord Douglas, to compear before the King and his council at Edinburgh or wherever he chanced to be residing for the time, on the 16th day of February next to come, at the Reports By Great Britain. Royal Commission on D 3 Historical Manuscripts

Note; the connection between Andrew Kerr of Farnyhyrst, and William Elwald his follower.

William and Archibald Douglas of Cavers intercommuning with The Traitors of Leven.

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## What is INTERCOMMUNING?

Letters of inter- communing were letters from the Scotch privy <u>council</u> passing (on their act) in the king's name, charging the lieges not to reset, supply, or intercommune with the persons thereby denounced; or to <u>furnish</u> them with meat, drink, house, harbor, or any other thing useful or comfortable; or to have any <u>intercourse</u> with them whatever,

So it seems like the **Armstrong** and the *Elwald*, did fight for the **Douglas**, and mainly the **Scott** in the North for land gain. The Armstrong and *Elwald/Ellot* (noted; will not insult the name by utilizing the English post Union of the Crowns; *Elliot*) especially the *Elwald/Ellot* made way for Scott Clan to gain it's land base.

Nation states like Scotland, an England utilized the English Armstrongs, Crosar, and Elwald/Ellot now living in Scotland (Abroath 1320 to Union of Crowns 1600) to delineate the two nation. It was not a stone wall which seperated the two nations in was a border of English (English is a word which should go synonymously with the word reiver) of reivers.

# When a nation looses its language and ways of doing things it looses itself.

In English the word is **plot**, but in Scottish carried to America the word is **lot**. In English it is a **yard** of cloth, but in old Scottish it is and **el/ell** of cloth, both a measurement of area. In English Imperial measurement there are **five and a half yards** to a **rod/pole**; length measured horizonally, in line of side surveying. In Scottish Reiver measurements, there are six **el/ell** to a **fall** (about eighteen Imperial feet as opposed to a pole/rod; 16½ Imperial feet), and distance utilized between, when drops/falls in elevation are measured. The Reivers think vertically, and the Imperialists think horizonally. The Imperialistically way to measure land is an **acre plot**, but in old Scotland it is in **el/ell** (area) **lot** an **El lot**.

An **el/ell** can be a measure of length between an English Imperialistic yard, or a French metre (about thirty cycles of an isotopic cesium time, and the distance of a metre which light travels. The bar in France is no longer the standard.), single dimension uniqueness to Scotland, or area giving two dimensions, but adding a **fall**, gives this form of thought three dimensions. It should be noted that this manner of surveying only works when you have a line of sight. If you do not have a line of sight such as in a forest stead or part of a forest stead referred to as a **lot**, one name have to put in stakes or **stobs** to delineate the boundary.

Now that the name **Ellot** has meaning in old Scotland, and the Scottish, and Americans which became Imperialistic in their measure-mental utilizing an "i" insertion making is English, will be able to continue without recognition to the family name of **Ellot**, which **Redheugh took**, and the reiver **Ellot** with no pledge to the Scott or allegiance to England will be able to continue to reive.

There seems to be what can be seen from satellite mapping, at the location of Braidley just East of the Hermitage, red out cropping, with graystone below. It seems like a geological topography, made out of course grained "limey" (calcium carbonaceous evaporitic cementing sediments working in a similar material content a concrete) cementing the mainly silicone grains into a sandstone conglomerate with nodules of ferrous pyritic substance which leach to the exterior with exposure to the outer atmospheric oxygen creates a red iron oxide paint on a gray sandstone when fractured and eroded to a lower elevation it becomes wash and reverts to its inner grayness in Graystone Wood (noted not woods but still today in Scotland wood) below Braidley on the opposite side of the Hermitage. It is felt this same stone most likely makes up Redheugh, and therefore only sustains its color when on a slope. Heuch becoming heugh is a Scottish name for slope; hence the name Redheugh.

It should be noted that the **Scott**, **Kerr**, **Armstrong**, **Ellot plus Tait**, **on the Liddel and Tweed** to this day shows up in the Y-DNA.

		freepages.genealogy.	ootsweb.ancestry.com/~g	allgaedhil/dna_by_haplogroup_2.htm
UN2SH	View	Elliott (Ellwood)	England (Cumbria)	R1b 14 24 14 10 11 14 12 12 13 14 13 30 16 9 10 11 11 25 15 19 30 15 15 17 18
JG96U	View	Thomson (Thompson)	Ulster (Derry)	R15 14 24 14 10 11 15 12 12 11 13 13 29 15 9 10 11 11 25 15 19 30 15 15 16 18
4E5FQ	View	Armstrong	England (Northumberland)	R1b 14 24 14 10 11 15 12 12 11 13 13 29 18 9 10 11 11 25 15 19 30 15 15 17 17
GJT4S	View	Tweedie	Scotland (Borders)	R1b 14 24 14 10 11 15 12 12 12 12 13 28 18 9 10 11 11 24 15 19 30 14 16 17 17
RKBTQ	View	Percy	British-USA	R1b 14 24 14 10 11 16 12 12 12 14 14 30 18 10 10 11 12 25 15 19 30 15 15 16 16
NPNWB	View	Liddell	England	R1b 14 24 14 10 12 15 12 12 11 13 13 29 18 9 10 11 11 25 15 19 30 15 15 17 17
4DXRT	View	Liddell	Scotland	R1b 14 24 14 10 12 15 12 12 11 13 13 30 18 9 10 11 11 25 15 19 30 15 15 17 17
R6SVG	View	Kerr (Carr)	Scotch-Irish-USA	R1b 14 24 14 10 12 15 12 12 11 13 13 30 18 9 10 11 11 25 15 19 30 14 15 17 17
VH8Z6	View	Scott	British Isles	R1b 14 24 14 11 10 11 12 12 11 13 12 29
R3Z8G	View	Watson	Scotch-Irish-USA	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 13 12 12 12 13 13 29
SE5EU	View	Tait (Tate)	England (London)	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 11 13 13 29
NYZE9	View	Elliott	Scotland	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 11 13 13 29 16 9 10 11 11 25 15 19 29 15 15 16 17
3PZXW	View	Elliott	Wales	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 11 13 13 29 16 9 10 11 11 25 15 19 29 15 15 16 17
FQVCW	View	Elliott	England	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 11 13 13 29 16 9 10 11 11 25 15 19 29 15 15 17 17
BV3TE	View	Elliott	British Isles	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 11 13 13 29 16 9 10 11 11 25 15 19 29 15 15 17 17
J79EM	View	Elliott	British-USA	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 11 13 13 29 16 9 10 11 11 25 15 19 29 15 15 17 17
75PWU	View	Elliott	British Isles	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 11 13 13 29 16 9 10 11 11 25 15 19 29 15 15 17 17
4RV4H	View	Elliott	British Isles	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 11 13 13 29 16 9 10 11 11 25 15 19 29 15 15 17 17
FYQWR	View	Elliott	Ireland	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 11 13 13 29 16 9 10 11 11 25 15 19 29 15 15 17 17
SEYDN	View	Elliott	Scotland or Ulster	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 11 13 13 29 16 9 10 11 11 25 15 19 30 15 15 17 17
ZC3EN	View	Tait (Tate)	British-USA	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 11 13 13 29 18 9 10 11 11 25 15 18 29 15 15 17 17
FB7UZ	View	Elliott	British Isles	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 11 13 13 30 16 9 10 11 11 25 15 19 29 15 15 17 17
97SGU	View	Elliott	British Isles	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 11 13 13 30 16 9 10 11 11 25 15 19 29 15 15 17 17
7BSFU	View	Kerr (Carr)	Ulster (Donegal)	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 11 13 14 29 17 9 10 11 11 25 15 19 30 15 15 17 18
7CBWY	View	Armstrong	Ulster (Fermanagh)	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 12 13 13 29
VRCAR	View	Tait	British-Canada	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 12 13 13 29
3BXG9	View	Tait (Tate)	British-USA	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 12 13 13 29
7UR5B	View	Scott	British Isles	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 12 13 13 29
DQTQ5	View	Tait	Scotland (Borders)	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 12 13 13 29 17 9 10 11 11 25 15 18 29 15 15 16 17
2FGYD	View	Burn (Burns)	Ulster (Down)	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 12 13 13 29 17 9 10 11 11 25 15 19 29 15 15 16 17
R9CH9	View	Storey	Ulster (Antrim)	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 12 13 13 29 18 9 10 11 11 25 15 19 29 15 15 17 17
EAPA2	View	Tait	Scotland (Shetland Isles)	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 12 13 13 29 18 9 10 11 11 25 16 18 28 15 15 17 17
DKJGT	View	Elliott	Scotland (Borders)	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 13 13 13 29
GUP6S	View	Tait	Scotland (Lothian)	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 13 13 13 29
X79YN	View	Davison	Scotland (Aberdeenshire)	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 14 12 12 14 14 13 30 17 9 10 11 11 25 15 18 29 15 16 17 17
HYZAW	View	Irvine (Irwin)	Ireland	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 15 12 12 12 13 13 29 16 9 10 11 11 26 15 20 29 15 16 17 17
8CZYC	View	Scott	Scotch-Irish-USA	R1b 14 24 14 11 11 15 12 12 12 13 13 29 17 8 10 11 11 25 15 19 28 14 15 15 17

Will be searching in the same void which the name Ellot is found, and that which has voided the English border reiver, and creating by cleansing area without reivers, and therefore as the crown united wanted a country without a border. May that without a Robert guide my way.

Mark Elliott 01/04/2013